# Direct Detection sub-mm Spectroscopy of Galaxies in the Early Universe

Amit Vishwas June 27, 2017

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#### Outline of the talk

I. Far-IR line emission - Unique probes of the ISM

2. Instrumentation: Overview of ZEUS-2

ZEUS-2 Survey of [OII] / [NII] at z ~ 2 -

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#### Galaxy Evolution over Cosmic Time



Continuous Accretion from Halo and Disk Instabilities



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#### Galaxy Evolution over Cosmic Time



z = 4, ~2kpc disks

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0, >30 kpc Galaxies

### **Dusty Star Forming galaxies**

Contribute Significantly to Cosmic Star Formation



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### **Dusty Star Forming galaxies**

Contribute Significantly to Cosmic Star Formation

The Star Formation activity is almost completely obscured



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#### Rare beasts!

e

~10<sup>5</sup> candidates at z>1

dis

Are rare and shortlived

 Valuable insights to some of the most vital/violent processes for galaxy evolution



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#### Star-formation studies of high-z Galaxies

...should lead to some understanding of the following quantities:

Temperature

Density Star formation Rate Gas Mass Radiation Field Metallicity

#### Star-formation studies of high-z Galaxies with Redshifted for IR Line Emission



#### Far-IR probes of Star-formation

density of late O/early B stars in ISM

Far more can be learned by taking advantage of the other FIR finestructure lines

Neutral gas lines: [OI] 63 and 145 µm FUX 6 to 13.6 e decouples density dependence

Ionized gas lines:

 [NII] 205 and 122 μm:
 14,5 to 28 eV
 Trace UV field,

 [NIII] 57 μm:
 28 to 47 eV
 Density &

 [OIII] 88 and 52 μm:
 35 to 54 eV
 Abundances

Combination of above lines: Allows us to trace stellar populations gas properties, C/N/O abundances, SF clock

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#### ZEUS-2 : The 2<sup>nd</sup> generation Redshift (z) & Early Universe Spectrometer

Dry Cryostat: Pulse-tube cooler and two-stage ADR

Large focal plane with an optimized echelle grating

5-10 spatial beams on sky, R ~ 800-1300

3 TES Bolometer arrays : 215, 400 & 645 µm

• (9x22, 8x35, 5x11 pixels) @ 120 mK

• 28:1 SQUID multiplexers from NIST.

 Hands-on training for grad students and >20 undergraduates in sub-mm instrumentation

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## **ZEUS-2** Optics

Multi color, multi beam, large FoV with compact optics

Blazed-ruled grating operating between 2<sup>nd</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> order

 Diffraction limited Entrance slit at 400 µm to minimize background



## ZEUS-2 focal plane Sandwich



350/450 pm Back-illuminated Array with 10 readout columns

Back Half: Front-illuminated 15/645 μm arrays

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# Fully populated ZEUS-2 focal plane

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### The Atacama Pathfinder Experiment (APEX) Telescope

- Llano de Chajnantor, Chile
  - At 5100 mts altitude
- One of the best sub-mm sites on Earth
  - Best PWV ~ 0.2mm, Median PWV ~ 1mm
- Modified ALMA antenna, 12 meters
  - Surface accuracy ~ 17 μm
  - (surface being upgraded later this year)



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# at APEX

Redshift(z) & Early Universe Spectrometer

ation



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### **ZEUS-2 at APEX**

ZEUS-2 on APEX offers a very sensitive ground based platform for spectroscopy other wise only possible using airborne or space based observatories

4-successful observing runs to date (2012, 14-16)

Early Universe: Far-IR probes of starformation
Survey of [CII], [OI] [OIII], [NII]
lines from z ~ 1 - 5

Local Universe: Map multiple spectral lines

• Studies of the ionized, atomic and molecular phases of MW & nearby galaxies: [NII], mid-J CO, [CI]

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#### Lility of Oxygen

- Comparing [OIII]/[NII]
  - Ionization state of the medium
    - Hardness of the UV field
- NLR: UV Hardness varies little with power law index.
   OIII/NII: ratio of ionizing photons to hydrogen nuclei. (Ionization Parameter)
- In Stellar Hil Regions: Measures the effective Temperature of the Stars
  - Constrains Spectral Type, Starburst age & # such stars

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**Ionization Parameter** (log U)

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## ZEUS/ZEUS2 Survey of [OIII]/[NII]

reported by Ferkinhoff et al. 2010, 2011 using ZEUS on CSO

We are continuing this survey of ionized far-IR lines to probe stellar populations in the early Universe with ZEUS-2.

- 6 (1) Tentative high-z [OIII] (NII 122) detections
- 2 upper limits (~10<sup>-18</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup>, few × 10<sup>10</sup> L
- Literature high-z [OIII]: (1 Herschel/SPIRE, 3 ALMA z>7)

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#### ZEUS/ZEUS-2 [OIII] Survey at z~2.8-4.6





ZEUS/ZEUS-2 [OIII] Survey at  $z \sim 2.8-4.6$ 



 $Log(L_{FIR}/10^{13}L_{\odot})$ 

#### [OIII]/FIR : EoR **MA Results** SXDG-NB1006-2 z=7.21 **C3** Inoue+16 **OIII]/FIR (%)** z=7.1 A27744-YD4 0.1 z=8.38 Laporte+17 BDF3299 Clumpz=7.11 .01 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 10<sup>-7</sup> Carniani+17 10<sup>-5</sup> 10<sup>-6</sup> $10^{-4}$



[OIII]/FIR : Compared to Local Sample

(ISO, Red \*) Brauher 08

(HERUS, Orange □ Farrah+13

(SHINING, Red □) Gracia-Carpio+1

 $(DGS, O, \star)$ Cormier+15



[OIII]/FIR : Depared to Local Sample

[OIII]/FIR (%)

(SHINING, Red C Gracia-Carpio+1

(HERUS, Orange

 $(DGS, O, \star)$ Cormier+15

(ISO, Red \*)

Brauher 08

Farrah+13



# Reminded me of Compared to

Stacey+10 Hailey-Dunsheath+ 10 Ferkinhoff+ 14, Brisbin+15



# Mapping ZEUS sources

Any line detected with ZEUS-2 can be mapped with ALMA across 40 beams
Continuum sizes can be misleading
Some sources are gravitationally lensed – enabling sampling of a broader range for intrinsic L<sub>R</sub>

8 ALMA Cv3/4 programs, over 30 hours. VLA program, ZINGRS!



Effective Stellar Temperature (K)

40000

45000

50000

(arcsec

Declination

ICRS

Relative

 $10^{4}$ 

/ F([NII]205)

F([0111]88)

10<sup>-2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ 30000  $\otimes$ 

n=2 n=3

SPT0418-47

35000

# ZEUS-2/APEX : Line detectability



NICE

## ZEUS-2/APEX : Line detectability



